

Newport Mercury.

VOL. LXXII.

SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 7, 1833.

NO. 3726.

Newport Mercury.

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WM. & J. H. BARBER,
No. 133, THAMES-STREET.

TERMS.

DOLLARS per annum.—\$1 in advance.
Paper will be discontinued (unless at the
option of the Editors) until arrears are
paid.
Advertisements.—Advertisements not
exceeding a square, inserted three weeks for
\$1 and 12 cents for each subsequent inser-
tion.—All Advertisements, (except where an
amount is open) must be paid for previous
insertion.

ARGUMENTS OF COUNSEL.

THE TRIAL OF REV. E. K. AVERY.

M^R. HALLETT'S full Report of the
arguments of Hon. Jeremiah Mason
Attorney-General A. C. Greene, is
published. The medical testimony of
Professor Channing, and Dr. Turner, is
appended. Most of this Report as been
submitted to the revision of the authors,
and the delay in its publication has risen
from a determination to make it as accurate
as possible.

The whole comprises 116 pages—price
25 cents. The entire Report of testimony
and arguments, in one volume of 346 pages
also, may also be had—price 87 Cents
at the Book Store of
WM. & J. H. BARBER.
August 17, 1833.

Paper-Hangings, and Borders.

A LARGE Assortment of PAPER-
HANGINGS and BORDERS, of new
and handsome patterns, for Sale at the
Book Store of
HENRY BARBER.
No. 153, Thames-Street.
Newport, June 22.

New Goods.

ISAAC GOULD,

AS just received from New York,
a lot of Broadcloths, Cassimeres,
and Vestings, of the most fashionable
colours and patterns—which will be
sold as low for Cash, as at any Store in
Town.
Newport, April 6.

Remedy for Wry Faces!

W. R. NOYES'

METALLIC PASTE AND STRAP,
dispensing the necessity of a hone for
sharpening Razors, Scissors, Surgeons'
Instruments, Penknives, &c.

The above Strap and Paste is highly re-
commended to the public by a number
of scientific and professional gentlemen, who
have carefully compared it with those now in
general use, and have pronounced it worthy
the particular attention of Surgeons, Barbers,
and every gentleman who shaves himself.

CERTIFICATES.

This may certify, that I have used for the
last two years, Noyes' Metallic Paste Strap,
and think Mr. N. fortunate in the choice of
materials and in the construction of his straps.
Therefore I have no hesitation in recom-
mending them to the public as a good article, and
as well calculated to supersede the necessity
of a hone, as any that ever came under my in-
spection.
WALTER FOLGER.
Nantucket, July, 1831.

I have read the above certificate of the
Hon. Walter Folger, relative to Mr. Noyes'
Metallic Paste Strap, and I have no hesitation
in subscribing to its contents. I would also add
that I have used one of said straps for the last
four years without any additional paste, and
it is now superior to any I ever used.
JAMES FALES.

We have for some time past used Noyes'
Metallic Paste Strap, and are well convinced
of its superiority, both for setting a delicate
edge and preserving the instrument bright and
ordinarily recommend it as a good article, and
deserving of patronage.

THOMAS E. GAGE, M. D.
FOSTER HOOVER, M. D.
New-Bedford, July 26th 1831.

This may certify, that we have used Noyes'
Metallic Paste and Strap in our shops for the
last three years, and have no hesitation in
pronouncing it superior to any we have ever
used and cordially recommend it to public
patronage, and particularly to our senioring
friends.

SIMEON COFFIN,
EDWARD H. CENTER,
WM. B. BROWN,
J. A. MASON.
New-Bedford, 1831.

I have used and closely examined Noyes'
Metallic Paste Strap, and think it superior to
any I ever used.
JEREMIAH GREENMAN.
New-Bedford, July, 1831.

The above Paste and Strap are for Sale,
at the Book and Stationary Store of
WM. & J. H. BARBER.
Sept. 6, 1833.

WANTED

A WHITE WOMAN to do the work of
a family in New-Bedford—Po-
sons who can be well recommended,
liberal wages will be given.—Enquire
at this Office.

REDWOOD LIBRARY.

THE Proprietors of the REDWOOD
LIBRARY are notified, That their
ANNUAL MEETING will be held at the
Library on WEDNESDAY, Sept. 25th,
1833, at 3 o'clock P. M.—A general and
punctual attendance is requested.
GEORGE G. KING, Sec'y.

Newport, August 31.

SUMMER GOODS,

ISAAC GOULD,

AS just received from New York,
a great Variety of the Newest
Style of SUMMER GOODS, for Gen-
tlemen's wear.

Newport, June 8.

W. CHEVEY, & Co.

No. 137, THAMES-STREET.

BEING about closing their Business
in Newport, will sell the remainder
of their Stock of DRY GOODS, at ex-
treme low prices for a few day only.

All persons indebted to W. C. & Co.
will please make payment by the 10th
of Sept.

Newport, August 31.

Paving Stones, WANTED.

300 Tons of PAVING STONES
are Wanted, for Repairing the
Streets in Newport.—Any Person wish-
ing to supply a part, or the whole quan-
tity required, will apply immediately to
either of the Street Commissioners.

A. S. COE,
RUSSELL CLARKE,
SANFORD BELL.

Newport, August 31.

LEHIGH COAL.

THE Subscriber has just received
and for Sale, Two Cargoes of the
first quality LEHIGH hard and soft
COAL, all broken and screened for im-
mediate use.

ALSO, A Lot of Lackawanna and Smith's
COAL.—Those who wish to purchase,
will do well to call and see.

W. M. VARG.

Newport, August 3.

FOR SALE

THE large and commodi-
ous Brick Dwelling
HOUSE, at the South part of
the Town, owned and occu-
pied by the Subscriber.—Also, A FEW,
in Trinity Church.—Apply to
SAMUEL WHITEHORNE.
Newport, July 13.

NOTICE

WANTED, Two Young LADS,
from 14 to 16 years age, to go
into a Store in Boston; to be of good
habits, smart and industrious.—None
need apply, unless well recommended.
Those from the Country would be preferred.—Apply at this Office.
Newport, August 31.

N. Geffroy,

REPAIRS Compasses, Quadrants, Watches
and Time-pieces, and obligates himself to
warrant his work to all his employer, without
partiality, (even for the Newport Bank Direc-
tors, who have placed me in this necessitous
situation, by protecting the man I endorse for,
and attach mine, and compel me to sell my
Navigation, real estate, jewelry, goods, &c. to
great sacrifice, exceeding \$32,000, of which a
statement can be produced.)—I have for Sale,
Compasses of different qualities, Storm ditto,
first quality; Quadrants, Spy Glasses for day
and night; Watches of different qualities;
silver tea and table spoons; plated ditto.—
Also, Cutlery, Knives, scissors, &c. a complete
assortment of watch tools and dentist files.—
Silver Spoons warranted best quality. I will
sell them very low respecting the making.—
Also will sell at reduced prices all other goods.
I will give the true value for Old Gold and
Silver, according to the quality.—In the rear
of Store No. 127, Thames-Street, up the alley.
Newport, August 31.

To Let,

THE lower part of a conve-
nient HOUSE, (with a good
Barn) delightfully situated within half a
mile from the compact part of the town.
The House will be furnished with con-
venient Furniture, it desired.—Apply to
HENRY Y. CRANSTON
Newport, July 6

NOTICE

A LARGE BOX, and a Black Leath-
er Frank marked N. P. Crowell,
were brought from Providence in the
Steam Boat Rushlight about 10 days
since, for which no claimant can be
found.—The Owner by proving prop-
erty and paying charges, can have the
same by applying to
CHARLES C. HEATH,
Newport, Aug. 17.

POETRY

FROM BLACKWOOD'S MAGAZINE, FOR AUGUST.

THE WOOD HYMN.

BY MISS. HEMANS.

"Move along these shades
In gentleness of heart; with gentle hand
Touch—lo! there is a spirit in the woods!"

WORDSWORTH.

Floods there some spirit here?
The summer leaves hang silent as a cloud,
And o'er the pools, all still and darkly clear,
The wild wood hyacinth with awe seems
bow'd;

And something of a tender gloom
Decks the meadow's bloom.

The very light, that streams
Through the dim dewy veil of foliage round,
Comes tremulous with emerald-tinted gleams,
As if it knew the place were holy ground;
And would not startle, with too bright a burst,
Flowers, all divinely nurs'd.

Wakes there some spirit here?
A swift wind fraught with change, comes
rushing by.

And leaves and waters, in its wild career,
Shed forth sweet voices—such a mystery!
Surely some awful influence must pervade
These depths of trembling shade!

Yes, lightly, softly move!
There is a Power, a Presence in the woods;
A witness being, that with Love and Love
Informs the reverential solitudes:
The rich air knows it, and the mossy sed—
Thou, Thou art here, my God!

And it with awe we tread
The Minister-floor, beneath the storied pane,
And midst the mouldering banners of the dead;
Shall the green vocal will seem, less Thy
lane,

Where Thou alone hast built?—where arch
and roof
Are of thy living wood?

The silence and the sound
In the lone places, breathe alike of Thee;
The temple-twilight of the gloom profound,
The dew-cup of the frail anemone,
The reed by every wandering whisper thrill'd
All, all with thee are fill'd!

Oh! purify mine eyes.

More and yet more, by love and lowly thought,
Thy Presence, Holiest One! to recognise.
In these majestic aisles which Thou hast
wrought!

And midst their sea-like murmurs, teach mine
ear
Ever Thy voice to hear!

And sanctify my heart
To meet the awful sweetness of that tone,
With no faint thrill, or self-accusing start,
But a deep joy the heavenly Guest to own:
Joy, such as dwelt in Eden's glorious bowers
Ere Sin had dimm'd the flowers.

Let me not know the change
O'er Nature thrown by Guilt! the boding sky,
The hollow sea—no ominous and strange,
The weight wherewith the dark-tree shadows
lie!
Father! oh! keep my footsteps pure and free,
To walk the woods with Thee!

FROM THE LONDON COURT JOURNAL.

SHE IS NO MORE.

The rose upon her cheek was red,
And, on its faithless tint relying,
Though languor came and vigor fled,
We could not think that she was dying!

We bore her to your distant shore,
Where Arno rolls, a stream of gladness!
But Alps and ocean traversed o'er,
But added sorrow to our sadness!

Devoted beauty! on thy cheek,
Though deep Decay has placed her finger,
Still health imparts a glowing streak,
And there, unblanch'd, her roses linger!

There is no sorrow in thy sigh—
Like Hope, reposing on her anchor—
Thine eye is bright—thy cheek is dry,
But 'neath its vermeil tint, the canker!

So when Autumnal suns arise
And Nature's radiant form is brightest,
The groves display their richest dyes,
But whither while their leaves are brightest.

THE UNITARIAN CAPITAL.—The Lon-
don Literary Gazette of July 27th, contains
a notice of Hamilton's "Men and Manners
in America, in which the following extract
from the work is introduced. "The first
volume, (says the reviewer) shows the au-
thor at New-York, Boston and Philadel-
phia; the Commercial, the Unitarian, and
the Quaker capitals of the U. States."

"Boston is the metropolis of Unitari-
anism. In no city has it taken root so
deeply, or spread its branches so widely.
Foil half the population, and more than
half of the wealth and intelligence of
Boston is invested in this communion.
I was at one time puzzled to account
for this; but my journey to New Eng-
land has removed the difficulty. The
New Englanders are a cold shrewd,
calculating, and ingenious people, of
phlegmatic temperament, and perhaps
have in their composition less of the
stuff of which enthusiasts are made than
in any other in the world. In no other
part of the globe, not even in Scotland,
is morality at so high a premium. No
where is undeviating compliance with
public opinion so unparalytically enforced.
The only lever by which people of the
character can be moved, is that of argu-
ment. A New Englander is far more a
being of reason than impulse. Talk to
him of what is high, generous, and no-
ble, and he will look on you with a vaci-
lant countenance. But tell him of what
is just, proper, and essential to his own
well being or that of his family, and he

is all ear. His faculties are always sharp
his feelings are obtuse. Unitarianism is
the democracy of religion. Its creed
makes fewer demands on the faith or
the imagination than that of any other
Christian sect. It appeals to human
reason in every step of its progress, and
while, it narrows the compass of miracle
enlarges that of demonstration. Its fol-
lowers have less bigotry than other re-
ligionists, because they have less enthu-
siasm. They refuse credence to the
doctrine of one grand and universal
sudden and preternatural act of those
have given assurance to the pious of
other sects. An Unitarian will take
nothing for granted but the absolute and
plenary efficacy of his own reason in
matters of religion. He is not a fanatic,
but a dogmatist; one who will admit of
distinction between the incomprehensi-
ble and the false. With such views of
the Bostonian and their prevailing re-
ligion, I cannot help believing that there
exists a curious felicity of adaption in
both. The prosperity of Unitarianism
in the New England States seems a cir-
cumstance which a philosophical ob-
server of national character might with
no great difficulty have predicted. Jona-
than chose his religion as one does a
hat, because it fitted him. We believe
however that his head has not yet at-
tained its full size, and confidently anti-
cipate that its speedy enlargement will
ere long, induce him to adopt a better
and more orthodox covering."

NOTIONS OF ENGLAND, AS SEEN BY A
FRENCHMAN.—Baron D'Haussez, one of
the Ministers of Charles X. has published
two volumes of travels in England, in 1833.
In the National Gazette, we find the fol-
lowing extracts from them:—

Brighton.—What would become of it,
if that fashion which has favoured its
development, should take it into her
head to bestow her capricious favor
elsewhere, and create another city; or,
if the population which comes there to
dispute its renown should discover that a
country without trees, a sea without
ships, a shore without a harbor, a town
without public institutions, without pub-
lic walks, without any other means of
diversion than perpetual motion—in a
word a place created God knows why.
—what, I say, if the population which
comes thither, should at length discover
that Brighton offers few resources for
killing time, and that there are a host of
other towns where the hours would hang
less heavily; a complete desertion of
Brighton might then be predicted. Its
houses, unstained by trade or indus-
try, would fall into their ancient poverty;
the monetary interruption of which
would be evinced by ruins of brick, and
by the grass which would spring up
among the stones in deserted streets.

Comfort.—Among the wealthy Eng-
lish, comfort means great luxury, and an
expensive establishment. In the middle
classes, comfort means a heavy, well
stuffed arm chair, in which the master
of the house goes to sleep after dinner.
You think I jest: no verily! it is the
exact truth. Independently of this
chair, there is nothing which justifies
the idea of general comfort which the
word would seem to indicate. A dinner
of boiled fish, and of plain vegetables
destined to be mixed by way of sauce
with all one eats—a piece of roast beef
cut from the hardest and most tasteless
part of the carcass; in place of napkins,
a corner of the table cloth; in lieu of
dessert, nuts, cheese and raisins; chairs
with rush bottoms, some times covered
with a cushion, which the least move-
ment causes to fall to the ground; im-
mense four post beds, with feather bed,
beneath which is a pailleasse so arrang-
ed as to produce the effect of an ill-join-
ed table; no clocks; and in each room
a coal fire, whose dust and smoke soil
every thing; grooved window shutters,
windows with running Venetian blinds,
and sometimes ill draped calico curtains
of a dark pattern; these are some of the
English comforts of which the natives of
Albion are so boastful. But on the other
hand it must be admitted, that great neat-
ness and cleanliness are observable as
well in the apartments as in the furni-
ture. Amongst the lower classes the
word comfort is never uttered.

Architecture.—In classifying the rela-
tive degree of imperfection of the fine
arts in England, architecture should be
placed still lower than painting. It is
almost reduced to the routine of heaping
brick upon brick, without farther order
or symmetry than that necessary to cre-
ate openings for doors and windows.—If
a house should be too small, another is
built at the side of it, out of harmony
with the first. English architects do
not hesitate to place a beam on an arch,
a small window by the side of a wide
door, or a chimney at the angle of a
building. Do they wish for ornaments?

They can only find columns; they do
not trouble themselves either with their
proportions or their props. Their
height is determined by the elevation of
the edifice. They are placed on a corni-
ce or on a balcony, with a little motive
as there would be for placing them un-
derneath; they are indifferently em-
ployed in ornamenting a shop, a palace,
or a cottage.

Nor can even the praise of imitation
be accorded to English architecture.—
Witness the triumphal arch of the Green
Park and that of the palace, destined to
house of bad taste.—Others, I might
ask, where the English can have con-
ceived the idea of St. Paul's, when one
sees so many ridiculous edifices heap'd
around this chef-d'œuvre.

Churches.—Far inferior, no doubt, to
St. Paul's, but still in an honorable
rank, may be placed a crowd of modern
churches; some in the Grecian style;
others, more especially, in the Gothic.
These constructions would do honor to
a nation more advanced in the arts than
the English. Elegance and justness of
proportions—elaborate execution—a de-
sign in harmony with the sacred charac-
ter of the edifice—Beauty of situation,
are all united in these modern edifices.
In the squares of London, as in the pic-
turesque sites of Sussex, amongst the
stately trees of Yorkshire, the traveller
halts with pleasure before those noble
edifices, which he is surprised to meet
in a country having so little to boast of
in the way of architecture. He is tempt-
ed to ask himself if these structures and
the surrounding houses have been the
work of the same architects and if re-
course had not been had to foreigners
to raise temples to the Divinity.

The tone of the London Quarterly is
quite desponding with regard to the
present condition of affairs in Great
Britain. It expresses a fear that noth-
ing but a complete, avowed and radical
revolution can solve the otherwise in-
extricable embarrassments in which the
bewildered ministry have involved all
the constitutional powers of the State.

In commenting on Mr. Rush's enthu-
siastic description of the Queen's draw-
ing room, it says—"we most restrain
ourselves to wishing that—for the short
time we are likely to have a court—the
graceful, elegant and distinctive charac-
ter of what the poet calls the 'hoop's
enchanting round,' and which produced
so lively an impression on even the re-
publican and unsophisticated eye of Mr.
Rush, might be revived." The hoop is
fall before the tree dies."

SWISS EMIGRANTS.—We were not a
little surprised, says the N. Y. Advertiser
in our taking a very early morning
walk along the docks yesterday, to find
in Washington street a large number of
Swiss emigrants, who made the streets
their abode for the night. They had
arranged their boxes, chests and bedding
on the side-walks, and men, women and
children had slept comfortably under
no other canopy than the sky. At sun
rise they were getting up and adjusting
their toilets; mothers were packing up
their beds and putting things "to rights;"
the men were surrounding a milk cart
purchasing milk; daughters were scrub-
bing the faces of the younger children
with hard salt water, and applying their
aprons as towels to the screaming ur-
chins; others peeling potatoes and
gathering sticks to cook a breakfast,
while some were foulding a goodly
number of infants. All appeared healthy
and to enjoy themselves. The weather
was fine, and they appeared to be
making the best of every thing, and trav-
elling to the interior with the utmost
economy. They were in want of noth-
ing well advised, and were going to
some place in the interior where they
had friends, and where they intend to
settle for life.

A Charleston paper predicts that Vir-
ginia, North and South Carolina and
Georgia are destined to become the
most extensive manufacturing States.—
It is the only way, it says, that the slave-
holders can compete with the virgin soil
of the new states. It will raise up a
market for provisions which will lead to
proper husbandry, and to the increase
of population. The rail roads will raise
up towns in healthy spots, remote from
the sickly banks of the rivers, &c. &c.

The publication of the Journal of
Health will be discontinued at the close
of the present month. The publishers
give as a reason, the difficulty experi-
enced in collecting money due them by
subscribers.

Late Foreign Intelligence.

NEW-YORK, SEPT. 4.
LATE FROM EUROPE.

The Packet ship United States, arrived this morning from Liverpool, and has furnished us with Liverpool papers to the 8th, and London to the 7th of August.

The capture of the city of Lisbon by the forces of Donna Maria, is the most important occurrence presented by these advices.

It will be perceived in the summary we submit, that the clause in the bill for granting twenty millions to the holders of slaves in the British West Indies, as an indemnity for their emancipation, has been retained by a majority of the House of Commons. The vote stood 132 to 81.

A report prevailed at London on the 5th, that "Miguel is off for Spain." This is asserted upon the authority of an alleged note from one Cabinet Minister to another. Should he be compelled to leave Portugal, there can be no doubt when he would seek an asylum.

From France, Holland or Belgium, there is nothing new. The withdrawal of the Russian forces from Constantinople is fully confirmed.

In the House of Commons on the 6th of August, Mr. O'Connell said he wished to ask the Noble Lord (Althorp) whether in consequence of the recent events in Portugal, it was the intention of his Majesty's Government immediately to recognise Donna Maria as the legal sovereign of Portugal.

Lord Althorp said it was evident, from the present posture of affairs in Portugal, that Don Miguel was not so popular in that country as he had been represented to be. Having however said so much, he thought the hon. member would not think it uncourteous if he did not, under the present circumstances, answer the question more fully.

Sir R. Peel said that he also had an inquiry to make. He wished to be informed as to the present state of the discussion between the United States and the North-American colonies, which had been referred to the King of the Netherlands.

Lord Althorp said it was a matter not yet decided, and the inquiry of the hon. Baronet had been so unexpected, that he was unprepared to give a specific answer.

The bill designed to remove the civil disabilities of the Jews, was rejected by the House of Lords by a vote of 104 to 54. It was generally opposed by the Conservative party, and it was understood that Earl Grey did not desire that it should be regarded as a government measure. The Irish Church Reform bill waited only the royal signature, in order to become a law. The Marquis of Westminster had given notice, that he should at the next session bring forward anew the bill respecting the Jews; and should also propose to take away the privilege of the Peers to vote by proxy.

The health of the King of Spain's again impaired, and the Queen has regained her influence at Court. Energetic measures have been taken to prevent the introduction of Cholera into Spain, but no cases have yet occurred. A financial operation was in progress at Madrid, carried on by the Rothschilds, together with certain bankers of Paris, Amsterdam and Antwerp, for the purchase of Spanish 5 per cent stock, with the approbation of the Government, which had thus obtained a large supply of money.

A government circular had been issued at Vienna, in order to suppress the society of the Carbonari, and the Giovine Italia. Whoever shall henceforth become a member of either, is to be deemed guilty of high treason.

It is stated in the Ioman Gazette, that by virtue of a new treaty between Russia and Turkey, a corps of 6000 Russian troops is to be sent to Yunnan, to suppress an insurrection there. The account of the departure of the Russian troops, is confirmed by the German papers.

PLYMOUTH, August 1.—The Confidence, government steamer, has just arrived at this port with the following important intelligence from Portugal. She left Lisbon on the 25th July, and Oporto on the 27th. Visits Flor entered and took possession of Lisbon on the 24th, with scarcely any loss. The English prisoners confined in the city having burst their bonds and procured arms, speedily liberated all the persons confined, and afforded the Pedrites great assistance. The police, 5000, retreated outside the wall, without firing a shot and nearly all the inhabitants immediately declared in favor of the young Queen. Admiral Napier entered with the fleet on the 25th, and thus completed the capture of the place.

Oporto was attacked on the 25th, as reported by the African steamer, and although not immediately under the command of Marshal Bormont, still with his advice and instructions; indeed, he stated his intention of doing so Oporto on that day. They entered the place, but were repulsed with tremendous slaughter, having lost 1400 men. The Pedrite loss was 700, among whom was brave Col. Cotter, who fell by a random shot after the heat of the action. One

regiment of Miguel's cavalry was nearly all cut off. Don Pedro left Oporto for Lisbon on the night of the 27th, in the steamer Britannia, and was saluted by the English men-of-war outside.

The following are the official details:—August 2.—Despatches have been received from Lisbon, dated the 25th ult., containing the important intelligence of the establishment of the authority of the Queen Donna Maria II. in that capital, where she was proclaimed on the morning of the 24th ult. by the Portuguese themselves, without the aid or interference of a single foreign soldier.

On the 23d the Duke of Terceira, advancing from St. Ubes, had met and totally routed the force sent from Lisbon against him, under the command of the notorious Telles Jordao, who is said to have been killed in the action. Upon this intelligence in Lisbon, the Duke of Cadaval, and the rest of Don Miguel's ministers, decided on withdrawing from the capital, which they did in the course of the same night, taking with them about 4000 troops, and retreating towards the north. The towns people on the opposite side, with one consent hoisted the standard of Donna Maria, and proclaimed her Majesty in due form, with every appearance of enthusiasm. Their first step was to open the prisons and liberate the numerous victims of Miguel's tyranny. About the same time the colors of Villa Flor's army appeared on the opposite heights, and in the afternoon he himself crossed the Tagus, in the midst of salutes and rejoicings, and issued a proclamation in the name of the Queen.

On the 25th, when the letters were despatched, Lisbon was perfectly tranquil again, and but few excesses had been committed, considering the excitement which must naturally have attended such a crisis, and the wrongs to which so many of the inhabitants had been so long subjected. Napier's fleet, with the Duke of Palmella on board, was then entering the Tagus.

The news of these events having reached Oporto on the 26th, Don Pedro embarked that night from the Fox on board a steamer for Lisbon, leaving to Saldaña the supreme command, both civil and military. Up to the 27th Marshal Bormont had not renewed his attack on the town, and, as troops were observed to be passing over to the south bank of the Douro, it was supposed that he was about to raise the siege.

LONDON, Aug. 5.—The Paris papers of Saturday and Sunday, with a letter from our correspondent, have been received this morning. The intelligence of the taking of Lisbon by the Constitutional forces, had been received by telegraphic despatch from Brest, and the news afforded the most evident satisfaction. The young Queen, it was expected would shortly leave Paris to take possession of her throne; and the recognition of Donna Maria, as Queen of Portugal, by the French Government, was anticipated to follow the official announcement of the capture of Lisbon, which was to be communicated yesterday by the Marquis de Loule.

Concert in Paris.—During the festival of the Three Days, there was a Concert of vocal and instrumental music of rather an unusual kind. For the instrumental part, there were 80 grand clarionets, 12 flutes, 10 hautboys, 20 trumpets, 15 drums, and 100 other instruments. The vocal performers were 200 men and 100 women. The opening of this Concert was announced by between three and four hundred drums, which as a French paper remarks, produced silence!

On Saturday, a marriage was celebrated in one of the churches of Paris, and the bride and bridegroom were entering the carriage to return home, when a young woman came forward from amongst the spectators, and without saying a word, deposited an infant in the coach and then vanished.

BY MAILS.

NEW-ORLEANS, August 16.
There have been some cases of undiagnosed yellow fever, but we believe them to have been so far confined to strangers, and residents who were undergoing for the first time the fiery ordeal of the climate.

CINCINNATI, August 26.
Mr. Patrick H. Brady, of Polaski, late a candidate for Representative from Giles co., after an altercation with a number of persons, on Tuesday last, was killed on the evening of that day, by (it is supposed) Mr. Henry C. Lester, and a number of others, who were arrested for examination, but the result we have not learned.

WASHINGTON, August 31.
TREATY WITH NAPLES.—The Globe of yesterday, contains a copy of the Convention formed by the Government of the United States and the King of the Two Sicilies, in relation to depredations inflicted upon the American Commerce by Murat during the years 1809, 1810, 1811, and 1812. The first and most important article of the treaty is in these terms:

His Majesty the King of the Kingdom of the Two Sicilies, with a view to satisfy the aforesaid reclamations, for

depredations, sequestrations; confiscations, and destruction of the vessels and cargoes of the merchants, of the United States, (and for every expense of every kind whatsoever incident to or growing out of the same,) inflicted by Murat during the years 1809, 1810, 1811 and 1812, obliges himself to pay the sum of 2,115,000 ducats to the Government of the U. S. 7,679 ducats, part thereof, to be applied to reimburse the said Government for the expense incurred by it, in the transportation of American seamen from the Kingdom of Naples, during the year 1810, and the residue to be distributed amongst the claimants by the said Government of the United States in such a manner, and according to such rules as it may prescribe.

NEW-YORK, SEPT. 2.
FROM HAVANA.—Capt. Barringer, from Havana, informs that on the day he left there, an insurrection had broken out among the negroes in the western part of Cuba, to the number of 4 or 500; that the Spanish cavalry had been sent against them, and there was no doubt that they would be speedily suppressed. This must have been the disturbance that gave rise to the report we published on Monday, via Mariazas, in which it was stated that 4 or 500 slaves had been put to death.

The Cholera was still raging at Havana, but the inhabitants appeared to be in no dread of it.

SEPTEMBER 3.
FROM MEXICO.—The Baltimore papers contain advices from Mexico to the 27th of July, which confirm the accounts published here some days ago, of the relative positions of Santa Anna, and the insurgents. The following is an official statement:—

MEXICO, July 27.—This day, at 10 o'clock A. M. the supreme government received official intelligence from his Excellency the President. He is now with his division at Arroyoscuro, and the enemy remains at San Juan Del Rio, without daring to advance a step towards Queretaro, or to retrograde, fearing to be attacked by the division under the command of the warrior of Zempoala.

FROM SAN PICO.—Captain Wood, who has arrived at Wilmington, from Tampico, states that the insurgents had taken Victoria, but had not, at the time of his departure, entered the city of Tampico. Business was at a stand on account of the disturbed state of the country.

SEPTEMBER 5.
LATER FROM NEW GRENADA.—Capt. Jones, of the brig Elizabeth, arrived here last night from Carthagena, from whom an official account has been received, signed by the Governor of that place, stating that a conspiracy was discovered by the President on the night of the 23d of July. Measures were immediately taken by him to arrest those concerned in it. Colonel Jose Manuel Montoya, military chief of the province, was ordered to apprehend an individual named Arjona, whose previous conduct had given cause to suspect him. When conducting Arjona to prison, Montoya was assassinated by him in the street. His accomplices, sixty in number, thinking their plan discovered, that night fled from the capital on the road to Tunja. They were all made prisoners by the Governor of that place, with the exception of five individuals on the 26th—among the number was the above named Arjona. Order was then again restored. Capt. Briggs states that a misunderstanding had arisen between one of the authorities of Carthagena and the French Consul, M. Barrot, who was in consequence confined in prison, but his liberation was momentarily expected. A French schooner of war was in the harbor on the point of sailing for Martinique with the ratification of a treaty of commerce, which had been concluded between New Grenada and France.

DESTRUCTIVE FIRES.—The Troy, (N. Y.) Press states, that two very destructive fires occurred in that city on Saturday evening and on Sunday night last. The first commenced about 5 o'clock in the evening from the steam engine of Prescott & Smith's window ash and blind factory, a wooden building in Sixth near the corner of Albany streets, which was consumed; and water being obtained with difficulty, the fire department could not prevent the flames from spreading to the range of buildings occupied by Eaton & Gilbert, extensive coach builders, which were also consumed without the fire spreading beyond them. The loss of Prescott & Smith is between 4000 and \$5000, and \$1600 insured in Troy; that of Eaton and Gilbert about \$10,000, fully insured at the Rensselaer and Saratoga, and Albany offices.

The second fire broke out about 11 o'clock next night, in the stables and outhouses rear of Washington Hall, the wind a gale from N. W. The fire was mastered after three hours duration, and after destroying the following property: the Washington Hall, including stables, &c. and a span of valuable horses. Three fine brick buildings owned by T. McCoun. The building at which the fire was stopped, was not much damaged.—The fire is supposed to have been caused by an incendiary add to have destroyed in houses, furniture, and other property to the amount at least of \$25,000.

The Mercury.

NEWPORT,
SATURDAY MORNING, SEPT. 7.

THE ELECTION.

Since our last, we have received the votes of Barrington, which stand for Burges 27, Pearce 24, Updike 24, Sprague 22;—this completes the returns from all the towns, and the totals now stand,—For Burges, 3195—for Pearce 2064—Updike 1900—Sprague 1332—Cranston 351—Dixon 153—A. C. Greene 427—scattering 284.

The General Assembly will meet at South Kingstown on the 4th Monday of October next, when the votes will be counted. As only Mr. Burges is elected, a new election will no doubt be ordered immediately, and a plurality will then make a choice.

BROWN UNIVERSITY.

The Anniversary Commencement of Brown University, at Providence, was celebrated on Wednesday last. The assembly was addressed by thirteen young gentlemen of the graduating class, which it is stated, were highly creditable to them.

The degree of Bachelor of Arts, was conferred on the following gentlemen:—Henry B. Anthony, Darius Ayer, Nathan F. Dixon, Jun. E. P. Dyer, E. Freeman, Wm. B. Jacobs, Veinmah Knight, N. G. Lovell, L. O. Lovell, George T. Metcalf, G. E. Pool, B. H. Rhoades, Peres Simmons, E. A. Stevens, Jabez Tarr, C. E. Toohaker, Arthur S. Train, L. W. Washburn, Horace A. Wilcox, H. G. Wiley.

The Degree of A. B. was conferred upon Messrs. Frances Vinton, A. H. Frink, of Granville, Ohio, and John J. D'Wolf, of Bristol, R. I.

The Degree of Doctor in Divinity was conferred upon the Rev. Wm. B. Johnson, of Edgefield, S. C.

The Degree of L. L. D. was conferred upon his Excellency Wm. L. Marcy, Governor of the State of New-York—graduate of Brown University in 1808, and upon Mr. John Farrar, Professor of Mathematics and Natural Philosophy, in Harvard University.

FOREIGN NEWS.—By an arrival at New-York, London papers to the 7th of August have been received. They bring the important intelligence that Lisbon was in possession of the troops of Donna Maria. The accounts from Oporto also state, that an attack was made on the 26th of July on that city, by the troops of Don Miguel, in which they were repulsed.—Under our foreign head will be found some important extracts.

We are gratified to learn, that the Rev. Henry Dumont has accepted an unanimous call from the United Congregational Society in this Town, to become their Pastor. From the distinguished talents, piety and zeal of Mr. Dumont, we have no doubt he will prove a valuable acquisition to our religious community.

FROM CUBA.—The passengers in the ship Von Scholen, arrived at Philadelphia from Havana, state, that the insurrection among the negroes, recently mentioned in Cuba, took place about 20 miles from Havana, and that about 250 negroes were shot by the troops at the village of Bienes.

REV. E. K. AVERY.—It is with regret we learn, that (contrary to our previous information) Mr. Avery has returned to Bristol, and re-commenced his ministerial labors. On Sunday last he preached to his congregation.—The return of Mr. Avery has revived the very general excitement against him, and while this exists, his labors in the ministry can do no possible good, but be productive of much injury to the cause of true religion.

NEW DAILY PAPER.—Proposals have been issued at New-York, by M. M. Noah, and Thomas Gill, (late of the Evening Post) for publishing a new Daily Paper, to be called *The Evening Star*.—Its politics is stated to be, to "afford a friendly but independent support to the present General and State Administrations."

G. A. Williams, one of the prisoners who escaped from the jail in this town, last week, has been apprehended at Providence.

THEATRE.—A Drama, written by Mr. McDonald Clarke, called "*The Factory Girl, or the Fall-River Tragedy*," founded on the murder which has caused so much excitement, has been performed for several nights in succession, at our Theatre.—The character implicated and the events of the murder, were very strongly delineated.

The Middletown (Conn.) Sentinel, of Saturday last, says:—

Rev. E. K. Avery arrived in our city on Monday, in the steamboat. We understand that on his leaving Hartford, a large crowd assembled on the wharf, who expressed their dislike to him by hooting, &c. And on his arrival here, he was received in like manner. It is to be regretted, that any portion of our citizens should take this method of showing their dislike to him.

CONSTITUTIONS.—Attempts to procure alterations in the Constitutions of several of the States are now making with unusual vigor. The people of Mississippi, we believe, have recently amended theirs; and many of their brethren are disposed to imitate their example. We yesterday gave an account of the alterations proposed in that of Pennsylvania by a convention recently assembled at Harrisburg. In North Carolina, measures of the same character are to be adopted, owing to objections which are made to the present form of representation, which is based upon territory, each county being entitled to send a single representative, without reference to the amount of its population. In Maryland, where a system not very dissimilar exists, complaint has been recently made.—The question of calling a Convention to revise the Constitution of Tennessee has been submitted to the people, but their decision has not yet been ascertained. In Georgia, the amendments proposed by a recent convention are about to be acted upon by the people.

E. K. AVERY.—Considerable excitement and disapprobation was created, as we learn, among the passengers on board of one of the Hartford steam boats last week, by the report that this highly unpopular individual was among their number. Order and quiet was finally restored, on the assurance of the captain, that he should be landed at the first stopping place, and he was accordingly left on shore at Middletown, where it was not without difficulty that he made his way to the parsonage house in that place.

STEAMBOAT BURNED.—The Charleston Patriot mentions, that on the night of the 25th ult. the U. S. steamboat Franklin, lying at Easton's wharf, was found to be on fire, and that the flames soon communicated to the wreck of the steamboat Hamburg, lying alongside; both were consumed to the water's edge.

SUMMARY JUSTICE.—We learn from the Cincinnati Daily Advertiser, that on the 24th ult. a warehouse in that city was entered by a back door, from whence, by means of a barrel and plank, the robber ascended to the upper stories through the hatchways, from where it generally supposed, he fell, and dashed his brains out against the barrel which he had made use of to ascend by.

He appeared to be well prepared for the enterprise, being provided with a large bunch of keys, and a cane with a hook attached to the end of it, by which he could hoist himself up; and had on India rubber overshoe, to prevent making a noise.

He was buried, and shortly after interred, that he might be identified, and his name is ascertained to be Jo. H. Johnson, an old resident of the city.—He had considerable property; how that property has been obtained, is now but too plain. His house was taken possession of by the police on Sunday evening, immediately after his being identified, and on yesterday underwent an examination, when quantities of dry goods, groceries, &c. for there was a little of almost every thing, were found. Many of the goods were immediately claimed by merchants who had been robbed of them. A large quantity unclaimed, were sent to the Mayor's office. Many hundreds of persons, in the course of the day, went to see the dwelling of Johnson. The house is four story in front, upon Water-street, and how many subterranean stories upon the river bank, says the Advertiser, we cannot say; we only went down three, the last by a ladder; but never did the ingenuity of man contrive a building better calculated for the business which was carried on it. There are numerous apartments dark as dungeons, comparatively, all the light they received being from a narrow passage of some 60 feet in length.

We understand from the police, that two apartments were discovered, one of which was with the door window under the roof, and entered by a trap opening from the roof; another had a door so ingeniously contrived as not to appear to be an entrance the key-hole, which is small, being situated in what would be taken for middle of the door, although it is in fact the edge. The house has been some fifteen years building, and not yet finished.

Johnson was a man of liberal education and general information; has brought up a family of six or eight children, three or four of whom were daughters, to whom he gave the best of education, and they became connected, by marriage, with some of the most respectable families of the West. For them, (such as are living) and their connexions, there is but one general burst of feeling; it could not be otherwise. Who does not feel for the innocent on such occasions?

Three bales of Cotton, of the new crop, were received at Charleston on the 27th ult. one of which was sold at 18 cents per lb.

The body of a dead man floated ashore at Watwick, R. I. a few days since, and was decently interred. He appeared to be about 35 or 40—was well dressed, and had a gold watch, and a considerable sum of money in his pockets.

CHOLERA.—The Cholera has broken with considerable violence, in the town of Troy, Ohio, causing a panic among the people. A ship from the office of the Times, dated 26th ult., states that the whole number of cases up to that date, was 23, eleven of which had proved fatal.

Learn, says the Pittsburgh Gazette of the 28th ult., that Horton Howland, a member of the Thompsonian medical society, his wife, his daughter, and his grand children, died of Cholera, at Columbus, Ohio, within a few days of each other, and that his son-in-law was at the point of death.

Learn from Niles's Register, that involving the same principle with which was recently determined in the case between the two divisions of the Society of Friends is about to be before the Circuit Court of the U. S. at Philadelphia, and will probably eventually be carried before the Supreme Court at Washington.

ITEMS OF NEWS.

Mr. Nathan Wood, of Foster (R. I.), accidentally shot in the abdomen, on the evening last, by the discharge of a gun. The contents entered his thigh, and he expired in a few hours.

There was a frost in Lowell, Mass., on Monday night last, the effects of which the Indian especially in the low grounds, were considerably.

MARKET.—Monday, Sept. 2. (For the Boston Advertiser & Patriot.) Market this day. 475 Beef Cattle, 12 calves, 2,900 Sheep and 630 Swine. Beef Cattle.—Sales quick and last prices were fully supported; some quality a little better. We quote prime at \$4.75 to \$5.00; good at \$4.50 to \$4.75; thin at \$4.25 to \$4.50.

Calves.—Dull; sales were effected at \$2.25, \$2.40 and \$2.60.

Sheep.—A better demand than they have for several Mondays past. Lots were taken at \$1.25, \$1.37, \$1.50, \$1.67, \$1.75, \$2.12, and \$2.33.

Pigs.—A lot of about 400, on a contract, taken at \$6. At retail for Sows, and for Pigs.

(From the Boston Courier.)

Wool at Boston. Sept. 2.—Prime washed wool, 70 a 75 cents per lb.; American washed wool, 60 to 65 cts.; do. 50 to 55; 1-2 do. 45 to 50; 1-4 do. 40 to 45; superfine pulled lambs, 55 to 60; 1st 45 to 50; 2d do. 35 to 40; 3d do. 30 to 35; 1st sort, 50 to 60 cts. per lb.

WIND.	Sun. rises.	Sun. sets.	High water.	Moon rises.
Monday.	5:30	6:10	0:45	11:13
Tuesday.	5:31	6:9	2:4	10:5
Wednesday.	5:32	6:8	3:38	0:5
Thursday.	5:33	6:7	4:45	1:8
Friday.	5:34	6:6	5:57	2:19
Saturday.	5:35	6:5	6:48	3:36
Sunday.	5:36	6:4	7:34	sets.

New Moon 13th day, 5h 29m. Afternoon.

BAROLOGICAL DIARY, AUG. 1833

WIND.	WIND.	Appearance of the Weather.
1804	WSW SW	Clear & very pleasant
1805	SW SE	Generally cloudy
1806	ESE SE	Clear and pleasant day
1807	SW NE	Heavy rain, and severe
1808	SE	Clear [thunder storm]
1809	SE	Clear at night
1810	SW	Rain, then clear
1811	ENE SE	Generally clear
1812	ENE SE	Showerly day
1813	ENE SW	Clear and pleasant
1814	SW	Clear & very pleasant
1815	SW	Clear and pleasant
1816	SW SW	Rain, foggy, clear
1817	SW SW	Clear and pleasant
1818	SW SE	Clear and pleasant
1819	SE	Generally cloudy
1820	SE	Most of the day cloudy
1821	WNW NW	Flying clouds, brisk wd
1822	SWW SW	Clear and pleasant
1823	SWW SE	Clear and pleasant
1824	SE	Generally clear
1825	ENE SE	Cloudy day and evening
1826	SE NE	Cloudy with little rain
1827	SE	Clear day and evening
1828	NE	Clear and pleasant
1829	SW	Clear and pleasant
1830	SW	Clear and pleasant
1831	WNW NE	Flying clouds
1832	ENE SW	Clear rain at evening
1833	NW SW	Clear and pleasant
1834	W SW	Cloudy day & evening

Range for the Month, 66°, 37°
of Aug. 1832, 68°, 38°
of Aug. 1829, the coolest 67°, 55°
in last 16 years.
of Aug. 1829, which was 72°, 70°
warmest in the last 16 years.
of Aug. 1 for last 12 years, 70°, 34°
of 3 summer months, this year, 65°, 09°
of 3 summer months, last year, 64°, 70°

WINDS.—This month, it appears, has been the coolest August within our recollection; 2 deg. cooler than Aug. of last year; 6 deg. cooler than Aug. 1829, the coolest of years.—The mean average of Aug. 12 years was about 4 deg. warmer than Aug. and Aug. 1828, the warmest in last 13 summer months; this year have a very low, being nearly the same as 1828, and nearly six deg. below the general average of 12 or 15 years.

Weather during the Month has been (and delightful), and though so very average heat was exhibited, there was some degree of frost.—The Crops that have been, have proved very abundant, and a great one of Indian Corn, bids fair to show an average.

The Rain has fallen during the month, in abundant shower, was on the 14th, in torrents, accompanied with terrific thunder, and vivid flashes of lightning, and was remembered by our oldest inhabitants.

MARRIED.

At Providence on Monday last, Rev. Professor Wayland, of Hamilton College, N. Y., to Miss Mary E. Blodget, daughter of Wm. Blodget, Esq.—On Tuesday, Mr. Charles N. Talbot, merchant, of New-York, to Miss Charlotte N. Richmond, daughter of Mr. Samuel N. Richmond.

DIED.

In this town on Saturday last, Mr. Daniel Turner, aged 83 years.
At Olneyville on Saturday last, Mrs. Sarah Pearce, wife of Mr. Bowen Pearce, aged 62 years.

PORT OF NEWPORT, ARRIVED.

Saturday, Aug. 31.—Brig Pomret, Elliot, 9 days from Lubec, with plaster, bound to New-York.—On Tuesday night last, off Nantucket, in a severe squall, was compelled to cut away the foremast, and lost some of the sails, and the chain cable with the anchors.
Brig Colvin, Grafton, 8 days from Newcastle, Me. for New-York.
Brig Gov. Coddington, Dennis, from New-York.

Sch'r Bunker-Hill, Duncan, 8 days from Lubec for Philadelphia.
Sch'r Little-Brothers, Toplin, from Philadelphia for Providence.
Sch'r Tiger, Hall, 4 days from Boston for New-York.

Sch'r Sanop, Kent, from Hallowell for New-York—Union, Mitchell, from Eastport for do.
Sch'r Minos, Thacher, 6 days from Calais, with lumber.

Sunday, Sept. 1.—Brig Tilton, Brown, from Honduras, and 10 days from Hampton Roads, with mahogany, bound to Boston.—Last night about 8 o'clock, the brig struck on Brenton's reef, and knocked off the false keel, and was compelled to put into this port.

Brig Albert, Hanna, of Portland, 8 days from Alexandria.

Sch'r Mary, Gilchrist, 8 days from Lubec for Hartford.
Sch'r Columbus, and Enterprize, Barlow, from Kingston, N.Y. with coal, for Providence.

Monday, Sept. 2.—Brig Mary, Foster, 2 days from New-York bound to Gibraltar.
Brig Georgia, Harris, of Fairfield, Conn 8 days from Savannah.

Sch'r Panama, Simpson, 7 days from Sullivan, Me.
Sch'r Susan & Mary, Allen, from Fall-River for New-Bedford, with loss of anchor in the river.

Tuesday, Sept. 3.—Brig Garnet, Burgess, of Boston, 24 days from New-Orleans.—Spoke Sept. 1st, lat. 39 40, long. 71 40. Brig Havre, Pearce, of Providence, from Liverpool for Petersburg, Vir.

Sch'r Susan, Haskell, 13 days from Newbern—on the 1st inst. lost overboard a seaman, named John Kirtzel, a native of North-Carolina.

Brig Mary, Harris, 14 days from Charleston bound to New-Brock, Conn.

Thursday, Sept. 5.—Sch'r Tantalum, Greenlaw, from Calais for New-York.

Sch'r Remond, Rose, from Fall River for Philadelphia.

Friday, Sept. 6.—Ship Hanover, Cook, 54 days from Gottenburg for Providence—the captain unwell from apoplectic fit.

CLEAR ED.
Brig Mary, Foster, Gibraltar
" Gov. Coddington, Dennis, do.
" Sea-Bird, Carr, Havana
" Boston, Brown, Boston
Sch'r William, Corzeus, St. Thomas
" Collector, Wood, New-Orleans
Sailed on Wednesday, Briggs Gov. Coddington, and Mary, for Gibraltar.

MARINE MEMORANDA.
At Liverpool August 8th. Ship Annawan, Hudson, for New-York in 10 days.
Arrived at Philadelphia on Wednesday, Brig Eagle, Burroughs, from Trinidad, Cuba.
At Matanzas, August 19th, Brig Laurel, Sigley, waiting cargo.
Sailed from Stonington on Sunday last, Ship Stonington; Law on, for Pacific Ocean.

A new Article!

OPPOSITE THE ARCADE.

TILLEY has this day received, 18 Pieces of CARPETING, made of Sattinets, stripped up and twisted;—they are double the thickness of any heretofore sold; a prime article to save Wood the approaching season, and to be sold Cheap.

ALSO, Just opened, more of those superb Black SILKS.

LEHIGH COAL.

THE Subscriber has just received and for Sale, Two Cargoes of the first quality LEHIGH hard and soft COAL, all broken and screened for immediate use, for \$7 75 cts. for 2240 lbs.

ALSO, A lot of the first quality of LACKAWANA, for \$7 00
The soft Lehigh has been tried in Philadelphia, and approved of in the kitchen and parlor Grates, Steam Engines, and Cupola Furnaces—it burns brilliantly, gives more blaze, and without the slag, dross cinder, and the impurities common to most other Coal.

Wm. VARS.
Newport, Sept. 7.

To Let,
HOUSE in Division Street, opposite Mr. Rodman's School-house.—Apply to THOMAS CHAPMAN, on the premises.
Newport, Sept. 7.

NOTICE.

THE Subscriber intends to Open an Evening School on the 20th of Sept. at his School Room in Division Street.
T. P. RODMAN.
Newport, August 31.

WANTED.

A WHITE WOMAN to do the work of a Family in New-Bedford—To one who can be well recommended, liberal wages will be given—Enquire at this Office.

Newport Brewery.

THE Subscriber having taken the Agency of the BREWERY, formerly carried on by Mr. Thomas Evans, will have constantly on hand, after the 13th inst. Brown Ale, of superior quality, in Hhds. Bbls. half bbls. or kegs, which will be sold on the most accommodating terms.—All orders sent to the undersigned, will have immediate attention and be promptly executed.

HENRY WOOD.

N. B.—Grains may be had at the Brewery, Monday, Wednesday and Friday, in the afternoon, at 8 cents per bushel, and Yeast by the gallon at all times.

Newport, Sept. 7

BANK STOCK.

15 SHARES Rhode-Island Union Bank Stock for Sale.—For terms enquire at this Office.
Newport, Sept. 7.

BANK STOCK for Sale.

40 SHARES of Stock in the MARINE BANK, in New-Bedford, are for Sale by JO'S S. TILLINGHAST.—For terms, apply at this Office.
Newport, Sept. 7.

NOTICE.

ALL Persons indebted to W. CHEANEY & Co will please make payment, by TUESDAY, Sept. 10th.—All Accounts unsettled after that time, will be left with an Attorney for collection.
Newport, Sept. 7.

Evening School.

THE Subscriber will commence his Evening School on or about the 20th inst.
E. TREVETT.

N. B.—Warm and Cold Sea Baths, at all hours of the Day.

For Sale, One of the best Milch Cows in the place, for gentleness, quantity and quality of the milk—price \$40.
Newport, Sept. 7.

Steam-boat BOSTON.

THE Steam-Boat BOSTON, Capt. WM. COMSTOCK, will have here THIS AFTERNOON, Sept. 7th, at Two o'clock, for New-York.—Fare \$5.
Newport, Sept. 7.

New York and Boston Steam Boat Company

Every Monday, Wednesday and Friday.

Fare from NEWPORT, \$5, and found.



ARRANGEMENT FOR SEPTEMBER

THE SPLENDID STEAM-BOATS BENJ. FRANKLIN, Capt. E. S. Bunker, and PRESIDENT, Capt. R. S. Bunker, will leave Providence at 12 o'clock M. and New-York at 5 o'clock P. M. every Monday, Wednesday and Friday.
The above superior Boats are propelled by two low pressure engines, and heavy copper boilers.—The Boats will stop at Newport, at the Long wharf, going and returning to receive and land Passengers.
Sept. 7, 1833.

New-York and Providence Steam-Boats.

Every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday

Fare \$5 from NEWPORT, and found.



ARRANGEMENT FOR SEPTEMBER

THE new and splendid Steam-Boats BOSTON, Capt. Wm. Comstock, and PROVIDENCE, Capt. S. Thayer, will leave New-York and Providence, on the following days:

BOSTON.		PROVIDENCE.	
Leaves Providence.	Leaves New-York.	Leaves Providence.	Leaves New-York.
Tuesday, Sept. 3	Thursday, Sept. 5	Thursday, Sept. 5	Tuesday, Sept. 3
Saturday, 7	Tuesday, 10	Saturday, 7	Thursday, 12
Thursday, 12	Saturday, 14	Thursday, 12	Saturday, 14
Tuesday, 17	Thursday, 17	Tuesday, 17	Saturday, 17
Saturday, 21	Thursday, 24	Saturday, 21	Thursday, 24
Thursday, 26	Saturday, 28	Thursday, 26	Saturday, 28

The Boats will leave Providence at 12 M. New-York at 2 P. M. and New-York at 5 P. M.
The above splendid Boats are propelled by low pressure Engines, and have each two heavy copper boilers. They will stop at the Long wharf, Newport, to receive and land Passengers.

LOST.

ON Tuesday last, a pair of Gold bow'd SPECTACLES, marked Pearce, supposed to have been dropped between the Bathing House on the Beach and the point of land on the Farm occupied by Philip Peckham.—The finder by leaving them at this Office, shall receive a suitable reward.
Newport, August 31.

Theatre,—Newport.

Last night but Two.

IN consequence of the great demand for places to see the New Tragedy of the FACTORY GIRL, or the FALL-RIVER TRAGEDY, it will be repeated for the 5th time on Monday Evening, for the Benefit of Mr. WALSTEIN.

MONDAY Evening, Sept. 9th

Will be performed, for the 5th time, a New Domestic Tragedy, founded on recent well known Facts, written expressly for this Theatre, by Mr. McDONALD CLARKE, called the

Factory Girl, Or, Fall-River TRAGEDY.

The principal characters by Mr. and Mrs. BARNES, Mr. Fielding, Mr. Lindsey, and Mrs. Walstein.

End of the Play, the Epilogue by Mrs. Barnes, written by the author of the Play, After which, Mr. McDonald Clarke will recite "The Mariner's Dream,"—his first appearance on any Stage.

To conclude, for the first time here, with the Laughable Farce, called

THE MOGUL TALE. OR, THE COBLER'S DESCENT In a Balloon, into NEWPORT.

Characters in Bills of the Day.

Doors opened at 7 o'clock, and the Performances to commence at 1-4 before 8.
Newport, Sept. 7.

Mr. Clarke's lecture

NOTICE.

THE LECTURE of Mr. McDONALD CLARKE, on Love and Marriage, as connected with the interest of Religion and Human Happiness, is postponed from the 3d of Sept to TUESDAY Evening, Sept. 10th, as many Ladies of Newport wishing to attend the Commencement at Brown University, which takes place on Wednesday, 4th Sept. Tickets 50 Cents, to be had at the Bar of Townsend's Hotel, and at the Confectionary Store of Mr. Vose.—No Tickets sold at the door on the evening of the Lecture.
Newport, Sept. 7.

LITHOGRAPHIC FAC-SIMILE

of the Letters of EPHRAIM K. AVERY, AND SARAH MARIA CORNELL.

TO gratify the desire of the Public to see the Letters written to Sarah Maria Cornell, attributed to the Rev. Ephraim K. Avery, and to compare them with letters in his acknowledged hand-writing, and also Letters in the known hand-writing of Sarah Maria Cornell, with a note attributed to her, dated December 20th, the day preceding her death, and found in her hand-box, after that event: The subscriber has, by permission of the Hon. SUPREME COURT of Rhode-Island, and at great pains, taken an exact fac-simile of all the Letters from the originals in the Office of the clerk of said Court. It is his intention to have the fac-similes Lithographed by a first rate Artist, as soon as a sufficient number of copies are subscribed to defray the expenses.

The letters will be stitched in a pamphlet form which will contain a fac-simile of an acknowledged letter from E. K. Avery to the Rev. George Storrs; an acknowledged letter from E. K. Avery, to the Rev. Samuel Drake; and extracts from an acknowledged letter from E. K. Avery to the Rev. Ira Bidwell of Fall-River all of recent date, a letter on yellow paper attributed to E. K. Avery directed to Miss Sarah M. Cornell Fall-River, dated Nov. 13th, mailed at Warren R. 1 Nov. 14th; a letter from Sarah M. Cornell to her friends, in Connecticut, dated Fall-River Nov. 18th, 1832, containing a copy of the above letter received by her, dated Nov. 13th (without signature) attributed to E. K. Avery; a letter on pink paper attributed to E. K. Avery, handed to the fireman of the steamboat King Philip at Providence, the 27th Nov. 1832, directed to Miss Sarah M. Cornell, Fall-River; a letter attributed to E. K. Avery dated Fall-River, Dec. 8th, directed to Miss Sarah M. Cornell, deposited in the Post Office at Fall-River by E. K. A.—and delivered to her the same evening from Sarah M. Cornell, Fall-River (without date,) directed to the Rev. Ira M. Bidwell, Fall-River; and a note dated Dec. 20th, the day preceding her death, signed Sarah Maria Cornell, and left in her hand-box; with notes to assist in examining and comparing them.

The price to subscribers will be only 50 cents per copy.

To those who subscribe for or purchase not less than twenty copies, 25 per cent discount.

Those persons who receive subscription papers, will please to return them by the 20th of September, by mail (if no private offers) to

DAVID MELVILLE, Newport, R. I.
Sept. 5th, 1833.]

AUCTIONS.

On Wednesday next,

At 11 o'clock A. M. will be Sold in front of TOWNSEND'S Coffee House, 2 SHARES in the Capital Stock of the Rhode-Island Union Bank.
2 Do. in the Newport Bank.
2 Do. do. Merchants Bank.
Conditions at the Sale.
Wm. LOVIE, Auc'r.
Newport, Sept. 7.

On THURSDAY, Sept. 12th,

At 10 o'clock A. M. will be Sold at auction, on the premises, THE two story Dwelling House and Lot of Land, with a good well of water, situated in Coddington-street, and formerly owned by Mr. Daniel Vernon, deceased. Conditions at the time of Sale.
Wm. LOVIE, Auc'r.
Newport, Sept. 7.

On THURSDAY, Sept. 12

At 11 o'clock A. M. will be Sold at auction, on the premises, A Large Dwelling House, and Lot of Land, situated at the corner of Chesnut and 2d streets, on the Point, now belonging to Mr. B. LAWTON.—Conditions at time and place of Sale.
Wm. LOVIE, Auc'r.
Newport, August 24.

On TUESDAY, Sept. 17th,

At 11 o'clock A. M. will be Sold at Auction, on the premises, A CONVENIENT Dwelling House and Lot of Land situated in that part of Newport called Newtown formerly the property of Joseph Brownell, jun.—The Conditions of Sale will be made known at the time and place.
Wm. LOVIE, Auc'r.
Newport, August 24.

On TUESDAY, Sept. 24th

At 11 o'clock A. M. will be sold at Auction At the Farm of the late PEELEG PECKHAM in Middletown (if fair, if not, the first fair day.)

27 SHEEP, one Cow, Hog, a quantity of Farming utensils, and a number of articles of Household Furniture.—Conditions at the time and place of Sale.

PEELEG PECKHAM, Admin'r.
ELISHA PECKHAM }
Middletown, Sept. 6, 1833.

NOTICE.

PURSUANT to a Law of the State the following Sidelwalks in Spring Street, will be put out at Auction, to the lowest bidder, on MONDAY, the 9th Sept. 1833 at 10 o'clock A. M. viz:—In front of the estate of James Langley and also in front of the Lot of Wilbur Wilbour;—to be laid with flag stones—four wide, and backed with small paving stones.

RUSSELL CLARKE, } Sir,
A. S. COE, } Counsel
SANFORD BELL, } Solicitor
Newport, August 17

Connecticut Lottery class 4

DRAWN THIS DAY.
\$10,000 Highest Prize.
Tickets \$5.—Fares in proportion.

Connect. Lottery, class 4,

DRAWN ON TUESDAY.
\$3,000 highest Prize.
Tickets \$2.—parts in proportion.

FOR TICKETS AND PARTS, Apply at the Old Truly Fortunate Office
J. C. SHAW.
Newport, Sept. 7.

Connect. Lottery, class 44

DRAWN THIS DAY.
\$10,000 Highest Prize,
Tickets \$5.—Fares in proportion.

Connecti. Lottery, cla. 4,

DRAWN ON TUESDAY.
\$3,000 Highest Prize.
Tickets \$2. parts in proportion.

TICKETS AND PARTS.
May be had at the Lottery Office of
C. R. CAHOONE
Newport, Sept. 7.

LIST of Combination Numbers,

Drawn in
Connect. Lottery, No. 3.
56 40 31 2 26 35 11 58 52
Conn. Lottery class 43.
31 57 55 2 38 53 19 56 35 42

PROBATE NOTICES.

Court of Probate, Newport, Sept. 2, 1833
WHEREAS application has this day been made for Administration on the Estate of JOHN BROOKS, mariner, late of Newport, deceased.—It is ordered, That the consideration thereof be referred to a Court of Probate, to be holden at the State House in Newport, on the first Monday of October next, at 9 o'clock A. M. and that previous notice be given, by publishing a copy of this Order three several times in the Newport Mercury to all persons interested, to appear at said time and place, and be heard.
B. B. HOWLAND, Probate Clerk.